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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A parametric audio system for generating at least one airborne audio beam, comprising:

at least one audio signal source configured to provide at least one audio signal;

at least one signal conditioner configured for receiving the at least one audio signal and for nonlinearly processing the audio signal to provide at least one pre-distorted signal;

a modulator configured to receive the pre-distorted signal and to convert the pre-distorted signal into ultrasonic frequencies; and

an acoustic transducer array including at least one a plurality of acoustic transducer transducers, the array being configured to receive the converted signal and to project the converted signal through the air along a selected path, thereby inverting distortion in the projected signal and regenerating the audio signal along at least a portion of the selected path with reduced net distortion,

wherein the acoustic transducer array has a bandwidth greater than 5 kHz, and

wherein the acoustic transducer array further includes:

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a backplate having a surface and a plurality succession of depressions formed on the surface, the respective depressions having variable different depths; and

a membrane with at least one conductive surface adjacently disposed along the backplate+,

wherein the membrane and at least one of the plurality succession of depressions define the at least one plurality of acoustic transducertransducers, each of the plurality of acoustic transducers having an associated center frequency determined at least in part by the depth of the respective depression; and

wherein the depressions formed on the surface of the backplate alternate in succession between at least one depression having at least one first specified depth and at least one depression having at least one second specified depth, and

wherein the spacing between the center frequencies determined at least in part by the at least one first specified depth and the at least one second specified depth is sufficient to obtain an aggregate frequency response of the acoustic transducer array having the bandwidth greater than 5 kHzof the acoustic transducer array is determined at least in part by the depths of the respective depressions.

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(canceled) 2.

(currently amended) The parametric audio system of claim 2-1 3.

wherein the membrane type each acoustic transducer is a Sell-type

electrostatic transducer.

(currently amended) The parametric audio system of claim 2-1

acoustic transducer the --membrane type -- each

includes a the conductive membrane, a backplate electrode, and a

DC bias source between the conductive-membrane and the backplate

electrode.

(previously presented) The parametric audio system of claim 4 5.

further including

at least one driver amplifier coupled between the modulator

and the acoustic transducer array and configured to receive the

an amplified signal converted signal and to generate

representative of the converted signal, and

a blocking capacitor coupled between the driver amplifier and

the acoustic transducer array and configured to block the DC bias

from the driver amplifier.

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(previously presented) The parametric audio system of claim 4

further including

at least one driver amplifier coupled between the modulator

and the acoustic transducer array and configured to receive the

generate amplified signal signal an and to converted

representative of the converted signal, and

a first component coupled between the acoustic transducer

array and the DC bias source and configured to block the amplified

signal from the DC bias source.

(original) The parametric audio system of claim 4 wherein the 7.

DC bias source is provided by an embedded charge.

(currently amended) The parametric audio system of claim 3

wherein the Sell-type electrostatic transducer includes a the

conductive membrane, a backplate electrode, and a dielectric

spacer disposed between the conductive membrane and the backplate

electrode.

(currently amended) The parametric audio system of claim 2-1

wherein the membrane type each acoustic transducer is a Sell-type

electrostatic transducer including a the conductive membrane, an

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electrode, and an insulative backplate disposed between the

conductive membrane and the electrode.

10. (previously presented) The parametric audio system of claim 1

wherein the signal conditioner is configured to perform nonlinear

inversion of the audio signal to generate the pre-distorted

signal.

11. (currently amended) The parametric audio system of claim 1

further including

at least one driver amplifier coupled between the modulator

and the acoustic transducer array and configured to receive the

converted signal,

wherein the converted signal is an undivided signal,

wherein the driver amplifier is further configured to

generate an amplified signal representative of the undivided

converted signal, and

a matching filter configured to compensate for a non-flat

frequency response of the combination of the acoustic transducer

array and the driver amplifier.

12. (currently amended) The parametric audio system of claim 1

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wherein the membrane type acoustic transducer array has a loudness figure of merit, 1, defined according to the expression

 $1 = (Area) \cdot (Amplitude)^2$, and

wherein "Area" is the area of the membrane-type—acoustic transducer array, and "Amplitude" is the amplitude of the modulated carrier signal.

- 13. (original) The parametric audio system of claim 12 wherein "1" is greater than (2.0×10^4) Pa² in².
- 14. (original) The parametric audio system of claim 12 wherein "1" is greater than (4.5×10^5) Pa² in².
- 15. (currently amended) The parametric audio system of claim 1 further including

at least one driver amplifier configured to receive the modulated carrier signal and to generate an amplified signal representative of the modulated carrier signal,

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wherein the acoustic transducer array has a mechanical-

acoustic resonance,

wherein the driver amplifier includes an inductor coupled to

a capacitive load of the acoustic transducer array to form a

resonant circuit having a resonance frequency approximately equal

teapproximating both the frequency of the mechanical-acoustic

resonance and the frequency of the ultrasonic carrier signal.

16. (currently amended) The parametric audio system of claim 15

wherein both the frequency of the mechanical-acoustic resonance

and the frequency of the ultrasonic carrier signal is are greater

than or equal to 45 kHz.

(original) The parametric audio system of claim 15 wherein 17.

the frequency of the ultrasonic carrier signal is greater than or

equal to 55 kHz.

(original) The parametric audio system of claim 15 wherein 18.

the driver amplifier further includes a damping resistor coupled

between the inductor and the capacitive load of the acoustic

transducer array.

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(original) The parametric audio system of claim 15 wherein 19. the driver amplifier further includes a step-up transformer and

the inductor is provided by the step-up transformer.

(currently amended) A parametric audio system for generating 20.

at least one airborne audio beam, comprising:

at least one audio signal source configured to provide at

least one audio signal;

at least one signal conditioner configured for receiving the

at least one audio signal and for nonlinearly processing the audio

signal to provide at least one pre-distorted signal;

a modulator configured to receive the at least one pre-

distorted signal and to convert the pre-distorted signal into

ultrasonic frequencies;

at least one driver amplifier configured to receive the at

least one converted signal, wherein the at least one converted

signal is an undivided signal, the at least one driver amplifier

being further configured to generate at least one amplified signal

representative of the undivided converted signal;

an acoustic transducer array including a plurality

acoustic transducers, the array being configured to receive the at

least one amplified signal and to project the amplified signal

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through the air for inverting distortion in the projected signal and for subsequent regeneration of the audio signal with reduced net distortion;

a matching filter configured to compensate for a non flat frequency response of the combination of the acoustic transducer array and the driver amplifier; and

a delay circuit configured to apply at least one predetermined time delay to the at least one converted signal,

wherein the acoustic transducer array further includes:

a backplate having a surface and a <u>plurality</u> <u>succession</u> of depressions formed on the surface, the respective depressions having <u>variable</u> different depths; <u>and</u>

a membrane with at least one conductive surface adjacently disposed along the backplate;

wherein the membrane and the plurality succession of depressions define the respective plurality of acoustic transducers, each of the plurality of acoustic transducers having an associated center frequency determined at least in part by the depth of the respective depression; and

wherein the depressions formed on the surface of the backplate alternate in succession between at least one depression

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having at least one first specified depth and at least one

depression having at least one second specified depth, and

wherein the spacing between the center frequencies determined

at least in part by the at least one first specified depth and the

at least one second specified depth is sufficient to obtain an

aggregate frequency response of the acoustic transducer array

having a bandwidth of the accustic transducer array greater than 5

kHzis-determined at least in part by the depths of the respective

depressions.

(previously presented) The parametric audio system of claim 21.

20 wherein the delay circuit is configured to apply the at least

one predetermined time delay to the at least one converted signal

to steer the converted signal through the air along at least one

path by the acoustic transducer array.

22-23. (canceled)

24. (original) The parametric audio system of claim 20 wherein

the delay circuit is configured to apply a predetermined time

delay, d, according to the expression $d = (x \cdot \sin(\theta))/c$, wherein

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"x" is the distance from a datum to a respective acoustic transducer and "c" is the speed of sound.

25. (currently amended) An acoustic transducer array, comprising:

a backplate including a surface and a plurality succession of

depressions formed on the surface, the respective depressions

having variable different depths; and

a membrane with at least one conductive surface adjacently

disposed along the backplate,

wherein the acoustic transducer array has a bandwidth greater

than 5 kHz,

wherein the membrane and at least one of the plurality

succession of depressions define at least one acoustic transducer

the plurality of acoustic transducers, each of the plurality of

acoustic transducers having an associated center frequency

determined at least in part by the depth of the respective

depression, and

wherein the depressions formed on the surface of the

backplate alternate in succession between at least one depression

having at least one first specified depth and at least one

depression having at least one second specified depth, and

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wherein the spacing between the center frequencies determined at least in part by the at least one first specified depth and the at least one second specified depth is sufficient to obtain an aggregate frequency response of the acoustic transducer array having the bandwidth greater than 5 kHzof the acoustic transducer array is determined at least in part by the depths of the respective depressions.

26-27. (canceled)